

Year 2 Scheme of Learning: Arabic

Year 2: Autumn 1

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To learn some of the classroom objects in Arabic.(part.1).
Declarative Knowledge	Classroom objects in Arabic • Know that 'pencil' in Arabic is 'Kalam Rasas' (قلم رصاص). • Know that 'pen' is 'Kalam' (قلم). • Know that 'book' is 'Ketab' (كتاب). • Know that 'notebook' is 'daftar' (دفتر). • Know that 'paper' is 'Waraqah' (ورقة). • Know that 'sharpener' is 'Mibrah' (مبارة). • Know that 'ruler' is 'Mistararah' (مسطرة). • Know that 'colours' is 'Alwaan' (ألوان). • Know that 'rubber' is 'Massaha' in Arabic (مساحة).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening, speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Kalam Rasas' (قلم رصاص), 'Kalam' (قلم), 'Ketab' (كتاب), 'daftar' (دفتر), 'Mibrah' (مبارة), 'Mistararah' (مسطرة), 'Alwaan' (ألوان), 'Massaha' (مساحة).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the non-joined letters (ا)
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (ا) • Know that Arabic is written from right to left. • Know that the Arabic Alphabet 'Alif' (ا) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To learn some of the classroom objects in Arabic. (part.2).
Declarative Knowledge	Classroom objects in Arabic - Know that 'pencil' in Arabic is 'Kalam Rasas' (قلم رصاص). - Know that 'pen' is 'Kalam' (قلم). - Know that 'book' is 'Ketab' (كتاب). - Know that 'notebook' is 'daftar' (دفتر). - Know that 'paper' is 'Waraqah' (ورقة). - Know that 'sharpener' is 'Mibrah' (ميراة). - Know that 'ruler' is 'Mistararah' (مسطرة). - Know that 'colours' is 'Alwaan' (ألوان). - Know that 'rubber' is 'Massaha' in Arabic (مساحة).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening, speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Kalam Rasas' (قلم رصاص), 'Kalam' (قلم), 'Ketab' (كتاب), 'daftar' (دفتر), 'Mibrah' (ميراة), 'Mistararah' (مسطرة), 'Alwaan' (ألوان), 'Massaha' (مساحة).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To read Arabic numbers 1-15.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic numbers from (0-15) - Know that the number 1 is 'Wahid' (واحد) in Arabic. - Know that the number 2 is 'Ithnan' (اثنان). - Know that the number 3 is 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة). - Know that the number 4 is 'Arba'ah' (أربعة). - Know that the number 5 is 'Khamsah' (خمسة). - Know that the number 6 is 'Setah' (ستة). - Know that the number 7 is 'Sabah' (سبعة). - Know that the number 8 is 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية). - Know that the number 9 is 'Tegah' (تسعة). - Know that the number 10 is 'Asharah' (عشرة). - Know that the number 11 is 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة). - Know that the number 12 is 'Ithna Asher' (اثنا عشرة). - Know that the number 13 is 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر). - Know that the number 14 is 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر). - Know that the number 15 is 'Khmsat Asher' (خمسة عشر).
Procedural Knowledge	Reading numerals.
Key Vocabulary	'Wahid' (واحد), 'Ithnan' (اثنان), 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة), 'Arba'ah' (أربعة), 'Khamsah' (خمسة), 'Setah' (ستة), 'Sabah' (سبعة), 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية), 'Tegah' (تسعة), 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة), 'Ithna Asher' (اثنا عشرة), 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر), 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر), 'Khmsat Asher' (خمسة عشر).

Year 2: Autumn 2

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To practise writing Arabic numbers 1-15 (numerals)
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic numbers from (0-15) - Know that the number 1 is 'Wahid' (واحد) in Arabic. - Know that the number 2 is 'Ithnan' (اثنان). - Know that the number 3 is 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة). - Know that the number 4 is 'Arba'ah' (أربعة). - Know that the number 5 is 'Khamsah' (خمسة). - Know that the number 6 is 'Setah' (ستة). - Know that the number 7 is 'Sabah' (سبعة). - Know that the number 8 is 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية). - Know that the number 9 is 'Tesah' (تسعة). - Know that the number 10 is 'Asharah' (عشرة). - Know that the number 11 is 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة). - Know that the number 12 is 'Ithna Asher' (اثنا عشرة). - Know that the number 13 is 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر). - Know that the number 14 is 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر). - Know that the number 15 is 'Khmsat Asher' (خمسة عشر).
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	١٥، ١٤، ١٣، ١٢، ١١، ١٠، ٩، ٨، ٧، ٦، ٥، ٤، ٣، ٢، ١.

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To learn some vocabularies related to my school.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'school' in Arabic is 'Madrasah' (مدرسة). - Know that 'Zaytouna Primary School' in Arabic is 'Madrasatul Zaytouna' (مَدْرَسَةُ الزَّيْتُونَةِ). - Know that 'I study' in Arabic is 'Ana Adrusu' (أنا أدرُسُ). - Know that 'class' in Arabic is 'Sa'f' (الصف). - Know that 'my school' in Arabic is 'Madrasati' (مَدْرَسَتِي). - Know that 'my teacher' in Arabic is 'Mualimi' (معلم) / (M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) / (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Madrasah' (مدرسة), 'Madrasatul Zaytouna' (مَدْرَسَةُ الزَّيْتُونَةِ), 'Sa'f' (الصف), (مَدْرَسَتِي), 'Mualimi' (معلم) / (M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) / (F).

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To describe my school using the two adjectives (جميل و كبير / Beautiful and big).
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'school' in Arabic is 'Madrasah' (مدرسة). - Know that 'class' in Arabic is 'Saʿ' (الصّف). - Know that 'my school' in Arabic is 'Madrasati' (مدرستِي). - Know that 'my teacher' in Arabic is 'Mualimi' (معلم) /(M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) /(F). - Know that 'beautiful' in Arabic is 'Jameel' (جميل).
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Madrasah' (مدرسة), 'Madrasatul Zaytouna' (مدرسة الزيتونة), 'Saʿ' (مدرستِي), (الصّف), 'Mualimi' (معلم) /(M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) /(F), 'Jameel' (جميل).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the joined and non-joined Arabic letter (و).
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (و). - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet 'waow' (و) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To express opinions in a simple sentence/s about my school in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'school' in Arabic is 'Madrasah' (مدرسة). - Know that 'class' in Arabic is 'Saʿ' (الصّف). - Know that 'my school' in Arabic is 'Madrasati' (مدرستِي). - Know that 'my teacher' in Arabic is 'Mualimi' (معلم) /(M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) /(F). - Know that 'beautiful' in Arabic is 'Jameel' (جميل). - Know that "I love/like" in Arabic is "anna uhebou" (انا أحب).
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Madrasah' (مدرسة), 'Madrasatul Zaytouna' (مدرسة الزيتونة), 'Saʿ' (مدرستِي), (الصّف), 'Mualimi' (معلم) /(M) or 'Mu'alimiti' (معلمة) /(F), 'Jameel' (جميل), "anna uhebou" (انا أحب).

Lesson 6	
Learning Objective	To understand the main points and some of the details from a spoken phrases or sentences related to “my school”
Declarative Knowledge	• Know that ‘school’ in Arabic is ‘Madrasah’ (مدرسة). • Know that ‘class’ in Arabic is ‘Saf’ (الصف). • Know that ‘my school’ in Arabic is ‘Madrasati’ (مدرستي). • Know that ‘my teacher’ in Arabic is ‘Mualimi’ (معلم) / (M) or ‘Mu’alimiti’ (معلمة) / (F). • Know that ‘beautiful’ in Arabic is ‘Jameel’ (جميل). • Know that “ I love/like” in Arabic is “ anna uhebou” (انا أحب).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening .
Key Vocabulary	Madrasah’ (مدرسة), ‘Madrasatul Zaytouna’ (مدرسة الزيتونة), ‘Saf’ (مدرستي), (الصف), ‘Mualimi’ (معلم) / (M) or ‘Mu’alimiti’ (معلمة) / (F), ‘Jameel’ (جميل), “ anna uhebou” (انا أحب).

Year 2: Spring 1

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To read the Arabic numbers from 1-20 correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic numbers from (0-20) - Know that the number 1 is 'Wahid' (واحد) in Arabic. - Know that the number 2 is 'Ithnan' (اثنان). - Know that the number 3 is 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة). - Know that the number 4 is 'Arba'ah' (أربعة). - Know that the number 5 is 'Khamsah' (خمسة). - Know that the number 6 is 'Setah' (ستة). - Know that the number 7 is 'Sabah' (سبعة). - Know that the number 8 is 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية). - Know that the number 9 is 'Tegah' (تسعة). - Know that the number 10 is 'Asharah' (عشرة). - Know that the number 11 is 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة). - Know that the number 12 is 'Ithna Asher' (اثنا عشرة). - Know that the number 13 is 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر). - Know that the number 14 is 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر). - Know that the number 15 is 'Khmsat Asher' (خمسة عشر). - Know that the number 16 is 'Setata Ashar' (ستة عشرة). - Know that the number 17 is 'Saba'ta Asher' (سبعة عشرة). - Know that the number 18 is 'Thamanyata Asher' (ثمانية عشر). - Know that the number 19 is 'Tesa'ata Asher' (تسعة عشر). - Know that the number 20 is 'Ishroon' (عشرون).
Procedural Knowledge	Reading.
Key Vocabulary	'Wahid' (واحد), 'Ithnan' (اثنان), 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة), 'Arba'ah' (أربعة), 'Khamsah' (خمسة), 'Setah' (ستة), 'Sabah' (سبعة), 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية), 'Tegah' (تسعة), 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة), 'Ithna Asher' (اثنا عشرة), 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر), 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر), 'Khmsat Asher' (خمسة عشر), 'Setata Ashar' (ستة عشرة), 'Saba'ta Asher' (سبعة عشرة), 'Thamanyata Asher' (ثمانية عشر), 'Tesa'ata Asher' (تسعة عشر), 'Ishroon' (عشرون).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the non-joined Arabic letter (ﺀ) within different Arabic words.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (ﺀ). - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet 'Daal' (ﺀ) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To name some pets in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	My pet/s in Arabic - Know that ‘cat’ in Arabic is ‘Ket’ (قط). - Know that ‘dog’ is ‘Kalb’ (كلب). - Know that ‘fish’ is ‘Samakah’ (سمكة). - Know that ‘bird’ is ‘Asfoor’ (عصفور). - Know that ‘my dog’ in Arabic is ‘kalbi’ (كلبي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Ket’ (قط), ‘Kalb’ (كلب), Samakah’ (سمكة), ‘Asfoor’ (عصفور), ‘kalbi’ (كلبي).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To express opinion about my pet starting with (أنا أحب) I love.
Declarative Knowledge	My pet/s in Arabic - Know that ‘cat’ in Arabic is ‘Ket’ (قط). - Know that ‘dog’ is ‘Kalb’ (كلب). - Know that ‘fish’ is ‘Samakah’ (سمكة). - Know that ‘bird’ is ‘Asfoor’ (عصفور). - Know that ‘I love’ in Arabic is ‘Ana Uhebu’ (أنا أحب). - Know that ‘my dog’ in Arabic is ‘kalbi’ (كلبي).
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Ket’ (قط), ‘Kalb’ (كلب), Samakah’ (سمكة), ‘Asfoor’ (عصفور), ‘kalbi’ (كلبي), ‘Ana Uhebu’ (أنا أحب).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the non-joined Arabic letter (ث) within different Arabic words.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (ث). - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet ‘thaal’ (ث) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	

Year 2: Spring 2

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To describe my family members using the two Arabic adjectives (طويل/ قصير) P.1.
Declarative Knowledge	Family members in Arabic - Know that 'My family' in Arabic is 'A'elati' (عائلي). - Know that 'My dad' is 'Abi' (أبي). - Know that 'My mum' is 'Umi' (أمي). - Know that 'My brother' is 'Akhi' (أخي). - Know that 'My sister' is 'Akhti' (أختي). - Know that 'My grandfather' is 'Jadi' (جدي). - Know that 'My grandmother' is 'Jadadti' (جدتي). - Know that 'My uncle' (father's side) is 'Amei' (عمي). - Know that 'My Aunt' (father's side) is 'Amati' (عمتي). - Know that 'My uncle' (mother's side) is 'Khali' (خالي). - Know that 'My Aunt' (mother's side) is 'Khalati' (خالتي). - Know that tall in Arabic is "taweel" (طويل). - Know that short in Arabic is "Qaseer" (قصير).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'A'elati' (عائلي), 'Abi' (أبي), 'Umi' (أمي), 'Akhi' (أخي), 'Akhti' (أختي), 'Jadi' (جدي), 'Jadadti' (جدتي), 'Amei' (عمي), 'Amati' (عمتي), 'Khali' (خالي), 'Khalati' (خالتي), "taweel" (طويل), "Qaseer" (قصير).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the non-joined Arabic letter (ر) within different Arabic words.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (ر). - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet 'Ra'a' (ر) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To describe my family members using the two Arabic adjectives (طويل/ قصير) P.2.
Declarative Knowledge	Family members in Arabic • Know that 'My family' in Arabic is 'A'elati' (عائلي). • Know that 'My dad' is 'Abi' (أبي). • Know that 'My mum' is 'Umi' (أمي). • Know that 'My brother' is 'Akhi' (أخي). • Know that 'My sister' is 'Akhti' (أختي). • Know that 'My grandfather' is 'Jadi' (جدي). • Know that 'My grandmother' is 'Jadadi' (جدتي). • Know that 'My uncle' (father's side) is 'Amei' (عمي). • Know that 'My Aunt' (father's side) is 'Amati' (عمتي). • Know that 'My uncle' (mother's side) is 'Khali' (خالي). • Know that 'My Aunt' (mother's side) is 'Khalati' (خالتي). • Know that tall in Arabic is "taweel" (طويل). • Know that short in Arabic is "Qaseer" (قصير).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'A'elati' (عائلي), 'Abi' (أبي), 'Umi' (أمي), 'Akhi' (أخي), 'Akhti' (أختي), 'Jadi' (جدي), 'Jadadi' (جدتي), 'Amei' (عمي), 'Amati' (عمتي), 'Khali' (خالي), 'Khalati' (خالتي), "taweel" (طويل), "Qaseer" (قصير).

Year 2: Summer 1

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To read Arabic numbers 20-30.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic Numbers (20-30) - Know that the number 20 is 'Ishroon' (عشرون) in Arabic. - Know that the number 21 is 'Wahi wa Ishroon' (واحد وعشرون). - Know that the number 22 is 'Ithnan wa Ishroon' (اثنان وعشرون). - Know that the number 23 is 'Thalathah wa Ishroon' (ثلاثة وعشرون). - Know that the number 24 is 'Arba'ah wa Ishroon' (أربعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 25 is 'Khammash wa Ishroon' (خمسة وعشرون). - Know that the number 26 is 'Setah wa Ishroon' (ستة وعشرون). - Know that the number 27 is 'Sabah wa Ishroon' (سبعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 28 is 'Thamanyah wa Ishroon' (ثمانية وعشرون). - Know that the number 29 is 'Tegah' wa Ishroon' (تسعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 30 is 'Thalathoon' (ثلاثون).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Ishroon' (عشرون), (واحد وعشرون), Ithnan wa Ishroon' (اثنان وعشرون), Thalathah wa Ishroon', Arba'ah wa Ishroon' (وعشرون أربعة), 'Khammash wa Ishroon' (وعشرون خمسة), Setah wa Ishroon' (وعشرون ستة), Sabah wa Ishroon' (وعشرون سبعة), Thamanyah wa Ishroon' (وعشرون ثمانية), number 29 is 'Tegah' wa Ishroon' (تسعة وعشرون), 'Thalathoon' (ثلاثون).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the non-joined Arabic letter (ز) within different Arabic words.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic letters: the non-joined letters (ز). - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet 'Zaa' (ز) is only connectable to the right side.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To describe body parts in Arabic P.1.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'My body' in Arabic is 'Jesmi' (جسمي). - Know that 'my head' is 'Ra'si' (رأسي). - Know that 'My eye' is 'A'ini' (عيني). - Know that 'My hair' is 'Sha'ri' (شعري). - Know that 'My nose' is 'Anfi' (أنفي). - Know that 'My mouth' is 'Fami' (فمي). - Know that 'My ear' is 'Udhni' (أذني). - Know that 'My hand' (Yadi) is (يدي). - Know that 'My feet' in Arabic is 'Qadami' (قدمي). - Know that tall in Arabic is "taweel" (طويل). - Know that short in Arabic is "Qaseer" (قصير).
Procedural Knowledge	Listini8ng and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Jesmi' (جسمي), 'Ra'si' (رأسي), 'A'ini' (عيني), 'Sha'ri' (شعري), 'Anfi' (أنفي), 'Fami' (فمي), 'Udhni' (أذني), (Yadi) is (يدي), 'Qadami' (قدمي), "taweel" (طويل), "Qaseer" (قصير).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To describe body parts in Arabic P.2
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'My body' in Arabic is 'Jesmi' (جسمي) - Know that 'my head' is 'Ra'si' (رأسي) - Know that 'My eye' is 'A'ini' (عيني) - Know that 'My hair' is 'Sha'ri' (شعري) - Know that 'My nose' is 'Anfi' (أنفي) - Know that 'My mouth' is 'Fami' (فمي) - Know that 'My ear' is 'Udhni' (أذني) - Know that 'My hand' (Yadi) is (يدي) - Know that 'My feet' in Arabic is 'Qadami' (قدمي) - Know that tall in Arabic is "taweel" (طويل) - Know that short in Arabic is "Qaseer" (قصير)
Procedural Knowledge	Listini8ng and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Jesmi' (جسمي), 'Ra'si' (رأسي), 'A'ini' (عيني), 'Sha'ri' (شعري), 'Anfi' (أنفي), 'Fami' (فمي), 'Udhni' (أذني), (Yadi) is (يدي), 'Qadami' (قدمي), "taweel" (طويل), "Qaseer" (قصير).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the joined and non-joined Arabic letters within a word.
Declarative Knowledge	• Know that there are six no-joined Arabic letters. • Know that Arabic is written from right to left. • Know that the Arabic Alphabet (ا، و، د، ذ، ر، ز) are a non-joined Arabic letters from left.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	Non-joined Arabic letters: (ا، و، د، ذ، ر، ز).

Year 2: Summer 2

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To count in Arabic from 30-40 (P.1)
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that the number 20 is 'thalathoon' (عشرون) in Arabic. - Know that the number 21 is 'Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 22 is 'Ithnan wa thalathoon' (اثنان و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 23 is 'Thalathah wa thalathoon' (ثلاثة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 24 is 'Arba'ah wa thalathoon' (أربعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 25 is 'Khamash wa thalathoon' (خمسة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 26 is 'Setah wa thalathoon' (ستة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 27 is 'Sabah wa thalathoon' (سبعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 28 is 'Thamanyah wa thalathoon' (ثمانية و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 29 is 'Tegah' wa thalathoon' (تسعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 30 is 'arba'oon' (اربعون).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون), 'Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون), 'Thalathah wa thalathoon' (ثلاثة و ثلاثون), 'Arba'ah wa thalathoon' (أربعة و ثلاثون), 'Khamash wa thalathoon' (خمسة و ثلاثون), 'Setah wa thalathoon' (ستة و ثلاثون), Sabah wa thalathoon' (سبعة و ثلاثون), Thamanyah wa thalathoon' (ثمانية و ثلاثون), 'Tegah' wa thalathoon' (تسعة و ثلاثون), 'arba'oon' (اربعون).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To count in Arabic from 30-40 (P.2).
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that the number 20 is 'thalathoon' (عشرون) in Arabic. - Know that the number 21 is 'Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 22 is 'Ithnan wa thalathoon' (اثنان و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 23 is 'Thalathah wa thalathoon' (ثلاثة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 24 is 'Arba'ah wa thalathoon' (أربعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 25 is 'Khamash wa thalathoon' (خمسة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 26 is 'Setah wa thalathoon' (ستة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 27 is 'Sabah wa thalathoon' (سبعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 28 is 'Thamanyah wa thalathoon' (ثمانية و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 29 is 'Tegah' wa thalathoon' (تسعة و ثلاثون). - Know that the number 30 is 'arba'oon' (اربعون).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون), 'Wahid wa thalathoon' (واحد و ثلاثون), 'Thalathah wa thalathoon' (ثلاثة و ثلاثون), 'Arba'ah wa thalathoon' (أربعة و ثلاثون), 'Khamash wa thalathoon' (خمسة و ثلاثون), 'Setah wa thalathoon' (ستة و ثلاثون), Sabah wa thalathoon' (سبعة و ثلاثون), Thamanyah wa thalathoon' (ثمانية و ثلاثون), 'Tegah' wa thalathoon' (تسعة و ثلاثون), 'arba'oon' (اربعون).

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To practise writing the joined and non-joined Arabic letters within a word.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that there are six no-joined Arabic letters. - Know that Arabic is written from right to left. - Know that the Arabic Alphabet (ا، و، د، ذ، ر، ز) are a non-joined Arabic letters from left.
Procedural Knowledge	Reading and writing.
Key Vocabulary	Non-joined Arabic letters: (ا، و، د، ذ، ر، ز).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To learn the four seasons in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	The four seasons in Arabic - Know that 'the four seasons' in Arabic is 'AL-fosool AL-Arba'ah' (لفصول الأربعة). - Know that 'Summer' in Arabic is 'Al-Saif' (الصيف). - Know that 'Autumn' is 'Al-Khareef' (الخريف). - Know that 'Winter' is 'AL-Shetaa' (الشتاء). - Know that 'Spring' in Arabic is 'Al-Rabee' (الربيع).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'AL-fosool AL-Arba'ah' (لفصول الأربعة), 'Al-Saif' (الصيف), 'Al-Khareef' (الخريف), 'AL-Shetaa' (الشتاء), 'Al-Rabee' (الربيع).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To describe the weather in Arabic
Declarative Knowledge	Describing the weather in Arabic - Know that, unlike English, Arabic adjectives follow the noun. - Know that 'hot' in Arabic is 'Haar' (حار). - Know that 'sunny' is 'Mushmis' (مشمس). - Know that 'cold' is 'Barid' (بارد). - Know that 'rainy' is 'Mater' (ممطر). - Know that 'snowy' is 'Muthlej' (مثلج).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Haar' (حار), 'Mushmis' (مشمس), 'Barid' (بارد), 'Mater' (ممطر), 'Muthlej' (مثلج).