

EYFS & Year 1 Scheme of Learning: Arabic

EYFS

EYFS

In EYFS, Arabic teaching is informal and integrated into classroom practice through singing songs (e.g. Arabic numbers, alphabets and Nasheeds), playing games, participating in activities and developing knowledge of basic Arabic vocabularies. There is no set scheme for the teaching of Arabic in EYFS stage. However, activity ideas and a learning focus can be taken from the Arabic language scheme of work of KS1. Flashcards, picture cards and vocabularies lists will be available for use, in addition to recommended websites.

Year 1: Autumn 1

Lesson 1

Learning Objective	To join in a conversation in Arabic using the greeting vocabularies (part.1).
Declarative Knowledge	Greetings in Arabic - Know that 'Assalamu Alykum' is the Muslims' greeting (السلام عليكم) and the reply is 'Walykumus Salam' (وعليكم السلام). - Know that 'Good morning' in Arabic is 'Sabahul kheer' (صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ) and the reply is 'Sabahul Noor' (صَبَاحُ النُّورِ). - Know that 'Good afternoon' is 'Masul Kheer' (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ) and the reply is 'Masulu Noor' (مَسَاءُ النُّورِ). - Know that 'Hello' is 'Marhaba' (مرحبا) and the reply is the same. - Know that 'Goodbye' is 'Ma'el Salamah' (مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ) and the reply is the same.
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking and listening.
Key Vocabulary	Assalamu Alykum' (السلام عليكم), 'Walykumus Salam' (وعليكم السلام), 'Sabahul kheer' (صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ), 'Sabahul Noor' (صَبَاحُ النُّورِ), (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ), Masul Kheer' (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ), 'Masulu Noor' (مَسَاءُ النُّورِ), 'Marhaba' (مرحبا), 'Ma'el Salamah' (مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ).

Lesson 2

Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (أ) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (أ).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To join in a conversation in Arabic using the greeting vocabularies.(part.1)
Declarative Knowledge	Greetings in Arabic - Know that ‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم) and the reply is ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام). - Know that ‘Good morning’ in Arabic is ‘Sabahul kheer’ (صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ) and the reply is ‘Sabahul Noor’ (صَبَاحُ النُّورِ). - Know that ‘Good afternoon’ is ‘Masul Kheer’ (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ) and the reply is ‘Masulu Noor’ (مَسَاءُ النُّورِ). - Know that ‘Hello’ is ‘Marhaba’ (مرحبا) and the reply is the same. - Know that ‘Goodbye’ is ‘Ma’el Salamah’ (مع السلامة) and the reply is the same.
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking and listening.
Key Vocabulary	Assalamu Alykum’ (السلام عليكم), ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام), ‘Sabahul kheer’ (صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ), ‘Sabahul Noor’ (صَبَاحُ النُّورِ), (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ), Masul Kheer’ (مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ), ‘Masulu Noor’ (مَسَاءُ النُّورِ), ‘Marhaba’ (مرحبا), ‘Ma’el Salamah’ (مع السلامة).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To count in Arabic numbers 1-15 correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic numbers from (0-15) - Know that the number 1 is ‘Wahid’ (واحد) in Arabic. - Know that the number 2 is ‘Ithnan’ (اثنان). - Know that the number 3 is ‘Thalathah’ (ثلاثة). - Know that the number 4 is ‘Arba’ah’ (أربعة). - Know that the number 5 is ‘Khamsah’ (خمسة). - Know that the number 6 is ‘Setah’ (ستة). - Know that the number 7 is ‘Sabah’ (سبعة). - Know that the number 8 is ‘Thamanyah’ (ثمانية). - Know that the number 9 is ‘Tegah’ (تسعة). - Know that the number 10 is ‘Asharah’ (عشرة). - Know that the number 11 is ‘Ahad Ashar’ (احد عشرة). - Know that the number 12 is ‘Ithna Asher’ (اثنا عشرة). - Know that the number 13 is ‘Thalath Asher’ (ثلاثة عشر). - Know that the number 14 is ‘Arbat Asher’ (أربعة عشر). - Know that the number 15 is ‘Khmsat Asher’ (خمسة عشر).
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking and listening.
Key Vocabulary	‘Wahid’ (واحد), ‘Ithnan’ (اثنان), ‘Thalathah’ (ثلاثة), ‘Arba’ah’ (أربعة), ‘Khamsah’ (خمسة), ‘Setah’ (ستة), ‘Sabah’ (سبعة), ‘Thamanyah’ (ثمانية), ‘Tegah’ (تسعة), ‘Ahad Ashar’ (احد عشرة), ‘Ithna Asher’ (اثنا عشرة), ‘Thalath Asher’ (ثلاثة عشر), ‘Arbat Asher’ (أربعة عشر), ‘Khmsat Asher’ (خمسة عشر).

Year 1- Autumn 2: Writing and Speaking

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ب) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ب).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To introduce yourself in Arabic (part.1).
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'Nice to meet you' in Arabic is 'Tasharfna' (تَشْرَفْنَا). - Know that 'have a nice day' is 'Taba Yaumuka' (طاب يومك) / Masculine (M). - Know that 'have a nice day' is 'Taba Yaumuki' (طاب يومكِ) / Feminine (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking- conversation in Arabic.
Key Vocabulary	'Tasharfna' (تَشْرَفْنَا), 'Taba Yaumuka' (طاب يومك) / Masculine (M), 'Taba Yaumuki' (طاب يومكِ) / Feminine (F).

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ت) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ج).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To introduce yourself in Arabic. (part.2)
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'What is your name' in Arabic is 'Masmuka' (ما اسمُكَ؟) / (M). - Know that 'What is your name' in Arabic is 'Masmuki' (ما اسمُكِ؟) / (F). - Know that 'How are you' in Arabic is 'Keefa Haluka' (كيف حالُكَ؟) / (M). - Know that 'How are you' in Arabic is 'Keefa Haluki' (كيف حالُكِ؟) / (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking- conversation in Arabic.
Key Vocabulary	'Masmuka' (ما اسمُكَ؟) / (M), 'Masmuki' (ما اسمُكِ؟) / (F), 'Keefa Haluka' (كيف حالُكَ؟) / (M), 'Keefa Haluki' (كيف حالُكِ؟) / (F).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ج) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ث).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 6	
Learning Objective	To introduce yourself in Arabic. (part.3)
Declarative Knowledge	• Know that 'What is your name' in Arabic is 'Masmuka' (ما اسمُكَ؟) / (M). • Know that 'What is your name' in Arabic is 'Masmuki' (ما اسمُكِ؟) / (F). • Know that 'How are you' in Arabic is 'Keefa Haluka' (كيف حالُكَ؟) / (M). • Know that 'How are you' in Arabic is 'Keefa Haluki' (كيف حالُكِ؟) / (F). • Know that 'Nice to meet you' in Arabic is 'Tasharfna' (تَشَرَّفْنَا). • Know that 'have a nice day' is 'Taba Yaumuka' (طاب يومُكَ) / Masculine (M). • Know that 'have a nice day' is 'Taba Yaumuki' (طاب يومُكِ) / Feminine (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking- conversation in Arabic.
Key Vocabulary	'Masmuka' (ما اسمُكَ؟) / (M), 'Masmuki' (ما اسمُكِ؟) / (F), 'Keefa Haluka' (كيف حالُكَ؟) / (M), 'Keefa Haluki' (كيف حالُكِ؟) / (F), 'Tasharfna' (تَشَرَّفْنَا), 'Taba Yaumuka' (طاب يومُكَ) / Masculine (M), 'Taba Yaumuki' (طاب يومُكِ) / Feminine (F).

Year 1- Spring 1: Writing and Speaking

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To count in Arabic from 1-20 correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic numbers from (0-20) - Know that the number 1 is 'Wahid' (واحد) in Arabic. - Know that the number 2 is 'Ithnan' (اثنان). - Know that the number 3 is 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة). - Know that the number 4 is 'Arba'ah' (أربعة). - Know that the number 5 is 'Khamsah' (خمسة). - Know that the number 6 is 'Setah' (ستة). - Know that the number 7 is 'Sabah' (سبعة). - Know that the number 8 is 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية). - Know that the number 9 is 'Tegah' (تسعة). - Know that the number 10 is 'Asharah' (عشرة). - Know that the number 11 is 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة). - Know that the number 12 is 'Ithna Asher' (اثنان عشرة). - Know that the number 13 is 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر). - Know that the number 14 is 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر). - Know that the number 15 is 'Khamsat Asher' (خمسة عشر). - Know that the number 16 is 'Setata Ashar' (ستة عشرة). - Know that the number 17 is 'Saba'ta Asher' (سبعة عشرة). - Know that the number 18 is 'Thamanyata Asher' (ثمانية عشر). - Know that the number 19 is 'Tesa'ata Asher' (تسعة عشر). - Know that the number 20 is 'Ishroon' (عشرون).
Procedural Knowledge	Speaking and listening.
Key Vocabulary	'Wahid' (واحد), 'Ithnan' (اثنان), 'Thalathah' (ثلاثة), 'Arba'ah' (أربعة), 'Khamsah' (خمسة), 'Setah' (ستة), 'Sabah' (سبعة), 'Thamanyah' (ثمانية), 'Tegah' (تسعة), 'Ahad Ashar' (احد عشرة), 'Ithna Asher' (اثنان عشرة), 'Thalath Asher' (ثلاثة عشر), 'Arbat Asher' (أربعة عشر), 'Khamsat Asher' (خمسة عشر), 'Setata Ashar' (ستة عشرة), 'Saba'ta Asher' (سبعة عشرة), 'Thamanyata Asher' (ثمانية عشر), 'Tesa'ata Asher' (تسعة عشر), 'Ishroon' (عشرون).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ج) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ج).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To learn and response to classroom rules in Arabic P.1
Declarative Knowledge	Classroom rules - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M). - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F). - Know that ‘sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M). - Know that sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlisi’ (الجلسي)/ (F). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/ (M). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M), ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F), ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M), ‘Ijlisi’ (الجلسي)/ (F), ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/(M), ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F), ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M), ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F), ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M), ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To learn and response to classroom rules in Arabic P.2
Declarative Knowledge	Classroom rules - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M). - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F). - Know that ‘sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M) - Know that sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlisi’ (الجلسي)/ (F). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/ (M). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M), ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F), ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M), ‘Ijlisi’ (الجلسي)/ (F), ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/(M), ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F), ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M), ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F), ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M), ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ح) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ح).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Year 1- Spring 2: Writing and Speaking

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To learn family members in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	Family members in Arabic - Know that 'My family' in Arabic is 'A'elati' (عائلي). - Know that 'My dad' is 'Abi' (أبي). - Know that 'My mum' is 'Umi' (أمي). - Know that 'My brother' is 'Akhi' (أخي). - Know that 'My sister' is 'Akhti' (أختي). - Know that 'My grandfather' is 'Jadi' (جدي). - Know that 'My grandmother' is 'Jadadti' (جدتي). - Know that 'My uncle' (father's side) is 'Amei' (عمي). - Know that 'My Aunt' (father's side) is 'Amati' (عمتي). - Know that 'My uncle' (mother's side) is 'Khali' (خالي). - Know that 'My Aunt' (mother's side) is 'Khalati' (خالتي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'A'elati' (عائلي), 'Abi' (أبي), 'Umi' (أمي), 'Akhi' (أخي), 'Akhti' (أختي), 'Jadi' (جدي), 'Jadadti' (جدتي), 'Amei' (عمي), 'Amati' (عمتي), 'Khali' (خالي), 'Khalati' (خالتي).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ح) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (خ)
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To learn colours in Arabic (P.1)
Declarative Knowledge	Colours in Arabic - Know that 'colours' in Arabic is 'Alwaan' (ألوان). - Know that 'Black' is 'Aswad' (أسود). - Know that 'White' is 'Abiadh' (أبيض). - Know that 'Blue' is 'Azraq' (أزرق). - Know that 'Red' is 'Ahmer' (أحمر). - Know that 'Green' is 'Akhddhar' (أخضر). - Know that 'Yellow' in Arabic is 'Asfar' (أصفر).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Alwaan' (ألوان), 'Aswad' (أسود), 'Abiadh' (أبيض), 'Azraq' (أزرق), 'Ahmer' (أحمر), 'Akhddhar' (أخضر), 'Asfar' (أصفر).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To learn colours in Arabic (P.2)
Declarative Knowledge	Colours in Arabic - Know that 'colours' in Arabic is 'Alwaan' (ألوان). - Know that 'Black' is 'Aswad' (أسود). - Know that 'White' is 'Abiadh' (أبيض). - Know that 'Blue' is 'Azraq' (أزرق). - Know that 'Red' is 'Ahmer' (أحمر). - Know that 'Green' is 'Akhddhar' (أخضر). - Know that 'Yellow' in Arabic is 'Asfar' (أصفر).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Alwaan' (ألوان), 'Aswad' (أسود), 'Abiadh' (أبيض), 'Azraq' (أزرق), 'Ahmer' (أحمر), 'Akhddhar' (أخضر), 'Asfar' (أصفر).

Year 1- Summer 1: Writing and Speaking

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To count in Arabic from 1-30
Declarative Knowledge	Arabic Numbers (20-30) - Know that the number 20 is 'Ishroon' (عشرون) in Arabic. - Know that the number 21 is 'Wahi wa Ishroon' (واحد وعشرون). - Know that the number 22 is 'Ithnan wa Ishroon' (اثنان وعشرون). - Know that the number 23 is 'Thalathah wa Ishroon' (ثلاثة وعشرون). - Know that the number 24 is 'Arba'ah wa Ishroon' (أربعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 25 is 'Khamash wa Ishroon' (خمسة وعشرون). - Know that the number 26 is 'Setah wa Ishroon' (ستة وعشرون). - Know that the number 27 is 'Sabah wa Ishroon' (سبعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 28 is 'Thamanyah wa Ishroon' (ثمانية وعشرون). - Know that the number 29 is 'Tegah' wa Ishroon' (تسعة وعشرون). - Know that the number 30 is 'Thalathoon' (ثلاثون).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Ishroon' (عشرون), (واحد وعشرون), Ithnan wa Ishroon' (اثنان وعشرون), Thalathah wa Ishroon', Arba'ah wa Ishroon' (وأربعون أربع), 'Khamash wa Ishroon' (وأربعون خمسة), Setah wa Ishroon' (وأربعون ستة), Sabah wa Ishroon' (وأربعون سبعة), Thamanyah wa Ishroon' (وأربعون ثمانية), number 29 is 'Tegah' wa Ishroon' (وأربعون تسعة), 'Thalathoon' (ثلاثون).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (أبجد) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter د.
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To learn my body parts. P.1.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'My body' in Arabic is 'Jesmi' (جسمي). - Know that 'my head' is 'Ra'si' (رأسي). - Know that 'My eye' is 'A'ini' (عيني). - Know that 'My hair' is 'Sha'ri' (شعري). - Know that 'My nose' is 'Anfi' (أنفي). - Know that 'My mouth' is 'Fami' (فمي). - Know that 'My ear' is 'Udhni' (أذني). - Know that 'My hand' (Yadi) is (يدي). - Know that 'My feet' in Arabic is 'Qadami' (قدمي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Jesmi' (جسمي), 'Ra'si' (رأسِي), 'A'ini' (عيني), 'Sha'ri' (شعري), 'Anfi' (أنفي), 'Fami' (فمي), 'Udhni' (أذني), (Yadi) is (يدي), 'Qadami' (قدمي).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To learn my body parts. P.2.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that 'My body' in Arabic is 'Jesmi' (جسمي). - Know that 'my head' is 'Ra'si' (رأسِي). - Know that 'My eye' is 'A'ini' (عيني). - Know that 'My hair' is 'Sha'ri' (شعري). - Know that 'My nose' is 'Anfi' (أنفي). - Know that 'My mouth' is 'Fami' (فمي). - Know that 'My ear' is 'Udhni' (أذني). - Know that 'My hand' (Yadi) is (يدي). - Know that 'My feet' in Arabic is 'Qadami' (قدمي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	'Jesmi' (جسمي), 'Ra'si' (رأسِي), 'A'ini' (عيني), 'Sha'ri' (شعري), 'Anfi' (أنفي), 'Fami' (فمي), 'Udhni' (أذني), (Yadi) is (يدي), 'Qadami' (قدمي).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (أبجدية) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (أ).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Year 1- Summer 2: Writing and Speaking

Lesson 1	
Learning Objective	To introduce yourself to a friend in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	Introducing yourself in Arabic - Know that ‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم) and the reply is ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام). - Know that ‘I am’ in Arabic is ‘Ana’ (أنا). - Know that ‘My name’ in Arabic is ‘Ismi’ (اسمي). - Know that ‘this is’ in Arabic is ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ Masculine and ‘Hathehe’ (هذه)/ Feminine. - Know that ‘Nice to meet you’ is ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم), ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام), ‘Ana’ (أنا), ‘Ismi’ (اسمي), ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ ‘Hathehe’ (هذه), ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا).

Lesson 2	
Learning Objective	To write each form of the Arabic Alphabet (ذ) correctly.
Declarative Knowledge	- To know that Arabic language is written from right to left. - To know that there are three forms of writing for the letter (ر).
Procedural Knowledge	Writing and reading.
Key Vocabulary	

Lesson 3	
Learning Objective	To introduce your family members in Arabic. P.1.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that ‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم) and the reply is ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام). - Know that ‘this is’ in Arabic is ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ Masculine and ‘Hathehe’ (هذه)/ Feminine. - Know that ‘Nice to meet you’ is ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا). - Know that ‘My dad’ is ‘Abi’ (أبي). - Know that ‘My mum’ is ‘Umi’ (أمي). - Know that ‘My brother’ is ‘Akhi’ (أخي). - Know that ‘My sister’ is ‘Akhti’ (أختي). - Know that ‘My grandfather’ is ‘Jadi’ (جدي). - Know that ‘My grandmother’ is ‘Jadadti’ (جدتي). - Know that ‘My uncle’ (father’s side) is ‘Amei’ (عمي). - Know that ‘My Aunt’ (father’s side) is ‘Amati’ (عمتي). - Know that ‘My uncle’ (mother’s side) is ‘Khali’ (خالي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listing and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم), ‘Walykumus Salam’ (وعليكم السلام), ‘Ana’ (أنا), ‘Ismi’ (اسمي), ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ ‘Hathehe’ (هذه), ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا).

Lesson 4	
Learning Objective	To response to classroom rules in Arabic.
Declarative Knowledge	Classroom rules - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M). - Know that ‘stand up’ in Arabic is ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F). - Know that ‘sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M). - Know that sit down’ in Arabic is ‘Ijlisi’ (اجلسِي)/ (F). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/ (M). - Know that ‘look’ in Arabic is ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M). - Know that ‘Listen’ in Arabic is ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M). - Know that ‘be quite’ in Arabic is ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).
Procedural Knowledge	Listening and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Qif’ (قف)/ (M), ‘Qifi’ (قفِي)/ (F), ‘Ijlis’ (اجلس)/ (M), ‘Ijlisi’ (اجلسِي)/ (F), ‘Unthur’ (انظر)/ (M), ‘Unthuri’ (انظري)/ (F), ‘Istam’e’ (استمع)/ (M), ‘Istami’e’ (استمعي)/ (F), ‘Uskut’ (اسكت) / (M), ‘Uskuti’ (اسكتي)/ (F).

Lesson 5	
Learning Objective	To introduce your family members in Arabic. P.1.
Declarative Knowledge	- Know that ‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم) and the reply is ‘Walykumus Salam’ (و عليكم السلام). - Know that ‘this is’ in Arabic is ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ Masculine and ‘Hathehe’ (هذه)/ Feminine. - Know that ‘Nice to meet you’ is ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا). - Know that ‘My dad’ is ‘Abi’ (أبي). - Know that ‘My mum’ is ‘Umi’ (أمي). - Know that ‘My brother’ is ‘Akhi’ (أخي). - Know that ‘My sister’ is ‘Akhti’ (أختي). - Know that ‘My grandfather’ is ‘Jadi’ (جدي). - Know that ‘My grandmother’ is ‘Jadadti’ (جدتي). - Know that ‘My uncle’ (father’s side) is ‘Amei’ (عمي). - Know that ‘My Aunt’ (father’s side) is ‘Amati’ (عمتي). - Know that ‘My uncle’ (mother’s side) is ‘Khali’ (خالي).
Procedural Knowledge	Listing and speaking.
Key Vocabulary	‘Assalamu Alykum’ is the Muslims’ greeting (السلام عليكم), ‘Walykumus Salam’ (و عليكم السلام), ‘Ana’ (أنا), ‘Ismi’ (اسمي), ‘Hatha’ (هذا)/ ‘Hathehe’ (هذه), ‘Tasharfna’ (تَشَرَّفْنَا).